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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Applicant has submitted a new complete claim set showing marked up claims with insertions indicated by underlining and deletions indicated by strikeouts and/or double bracketing.

- (Previously presented) A method of selecting an operating parameter value for supplying energy to an ablation electrode to produce a lesion having a lesion size, comprising:
 - (a) receiving a first signal representing a value of a blood flow rate;
 - (b) receiving a second signal representing a value of an impedance;
 - (c) receiving a third signal representing a value of a positive distance from an ablation electrode surface that is not in contact with tissue to a target tissue surface; and
 - (d) selecting a value for an operating parameter for supplying energy to the ablation electrode as a function of the first, second and third signals to produce a lesion having a lesion size.
- 2. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 1 wherein (d) comprises selecting the operating parameter value based on relationships established between (1) values of the operating parameter and (2) blood flow rate values, impedance values and distance values.
- (Original) The method according to claim 2, wherein the relationships are established with analyses of a numerical model of transmission of energy to biological tissue by an ablation electrode.
- (Original) The method according to claim 3 wherein the numerical model comprises a finite element model.
- (Previously Presented) A method of selecting an operating parameter value for supplying energy to an ablation electrode, comprising:
 - (a) receiving a first signal representing a value of a fluid flow rate;

- (b) receiving a second signal representing a value of an impedance;
- (c) receiving a third signal representing a value of a positive distance from an ablation electrode surface to a target tissue surface; and
- (d) selecting a value for an operating parameter for supplying energy to the ablation electrode as a function of the first, second and third signals;

wherein:

(d) comprises selecting the operating parameter value based on relationships established between (1) values of the operating parameter and (2) fluid flow rate values, impedance values and distance values:

the relationships are established with analyses of a numerical model of transmission of energy to biological tissue by an ablation electrode;

the numerical model comprises a finite element model; and

to model a tissue temperature distribution, the numerical model comprises equations for modeling an electric field created by the ablation electrode, heat generated by the electric field, and a velocity field of the fluid flow.

6. (Original) The method according to claim 5 wherein the numerical model comprises the following equations to model tissue temperature distribution:

$$\begin{split} &\nabla \bullet \sigma \nabla \varphi = 0 \ ; \\ &\rho c \Biggl(\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + U \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} + V \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} + W \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \Biggr) = \nabla \bullet (k \nabla T) + J \bullet E \ ; \\ &\rho \Biggl(\frac{\partial U}{\partial t} + U \frac{\partial U}{\partial x} + V \frac{\partial U}{\partial y} + W \frac{\partial U}{\partial z} \Biggr) = - \frac{\partial P}{\partial x} + \mu \Biggl(\frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial z^2} \Biggr) \ ; \\ &\rho \Biggl(\frac{\partial V}{\partial t} + U \frac{\partial V}{\partial x} + V \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} + W \frac{\partial V}{\partial z} \Biggr) = - \frac{\partial P}{\partial y} + \mu \Biggl(\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial z^2} \Biggr) \ ; \\ &\rho \Biggl(\frac{\partial W}{\partial t} + U \frac{\partial W}{\partial x} + V \frac{\partial W}{\partial y} + W \frac{\partial W}{\partial z} \Biggr) = - \frac{\partial P}{\partial z} + \mu \Biggl(\frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial z^2} \Biggr) \ ; \ \text{and} \ \end{split}$$

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$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial U}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial U}{\partial z} = 0.$$

- (Original) The method according to claim 2, wherein the relationships are established with analyses of an in vitro model of transmission of energy to biological tissue by an ablation electrode.
- 8. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the second signal, representing the value of the impedance, comprises a signal representing an electrode geometry.
- (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the second signal, representing the value of the impedance, represents an impedance into which energy is supplied.
- 10. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein (d) comprises selecting a plurality of values for an operating parameter, each value corresponding to a separate time during the supplying of energy to the ablation electrode.
- 11. (Cancelled)
- (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein (d) comprises selecting a value for each of a plurality of operating parameters.
- 13. (Cancelled)
- 14. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the operating parameter is a maximum temperature allowed for the ablation electrode.
- 15. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the operating parameter is power applied to the ablation electrode.

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16. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the operating parameter is voltage of the energy supplied to the ablation electrode.

17-19. (Cancelled)

 (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein (d) comprises selecting the operating parameter value using a processor programmed with an algorithm.

21-22. (Cancelled)

 (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein (a) comprises receiving the first signal from a fluid flow sensor.

 (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the first signal is generated by an input entered by a user.

 (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein (b) comprises receiving the second signal from an impedance sensor.

(Cancelled)

 (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein (c) comprises receiving the third signal from a distance sensor.

28.-29. (Cancelled)

 (Original) A method of supplying energy to an ablation electrode comprising the method of claim 1 and further comprising; Application No. 10/551,294 -6- Docket No.: B1075.71016US01 Reply to Office Action of March 25, 2010

(e) controlling an energy supply such that energy is supplied to the ablation electrode at the selected operating parameter value.

31-92, (Cancelled)